

#### JODIC's Experience in Managing its Deposit Insurance Fund

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## **Scope of Presentation**



#### Jordan Deposit Insurance Corporation (JODIC)

- Mandate & Powers
- Governance
- Membership
- Coverage Scope & Level
- Funding Resources
- Administrating Deposit Insurance Fund
- Prospective Strategic Initiatives

# **Jordan Deposit Insurance Corporation**



- Established in the year 2000 by virtue of the Law No.(33).
- Enjoys an autonomous corporate entity status with financial and administrative independence.

# Mandate and Powers



#### Mandate

#### Insurer:

Reimburses insured depositors promptly.

#### Liquidator:

- Legal representative.
- Settles bank proceeds.

#### premiums.

- Off-site inspection.
- On-site inspection.
- Internal Operations.
- Liquidation Procedures.

**Powers** 

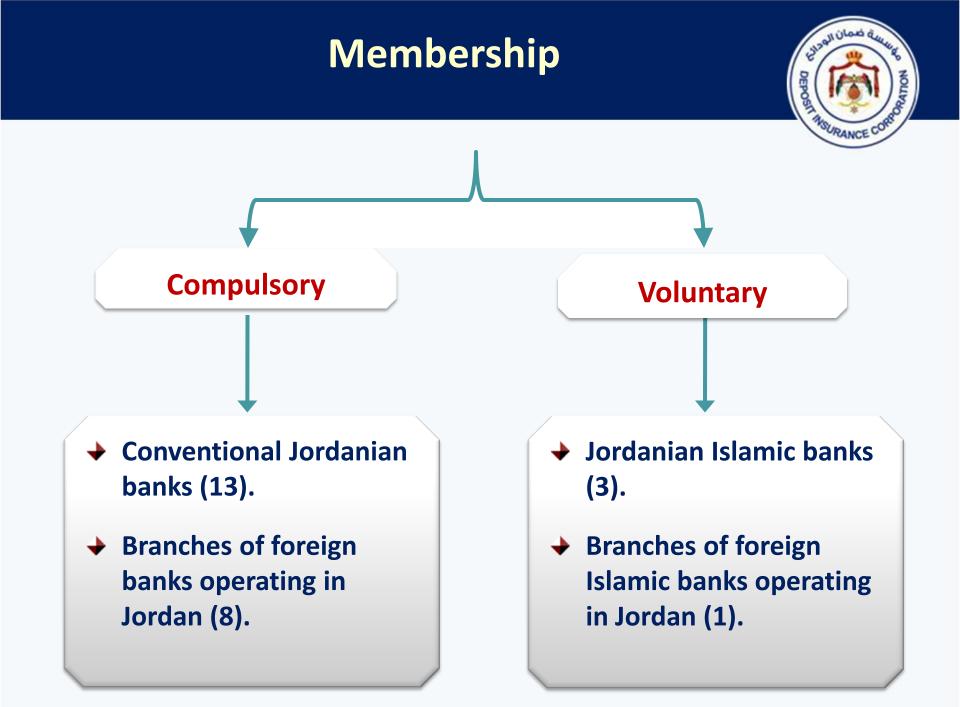
 Higher premiums on riskier banks.

#### Governance



#### **Main Thrusts of Corporate Governance:**

- The institutional legislative framework.
- Strategic objectives.
- JODIC's management; board of directors and administrative and functional apparatus.
- Disclosure and transparency.
- Core Principles for Effective Deposit Insurance Systems.



# Coverage Scope and Level

#### Scope

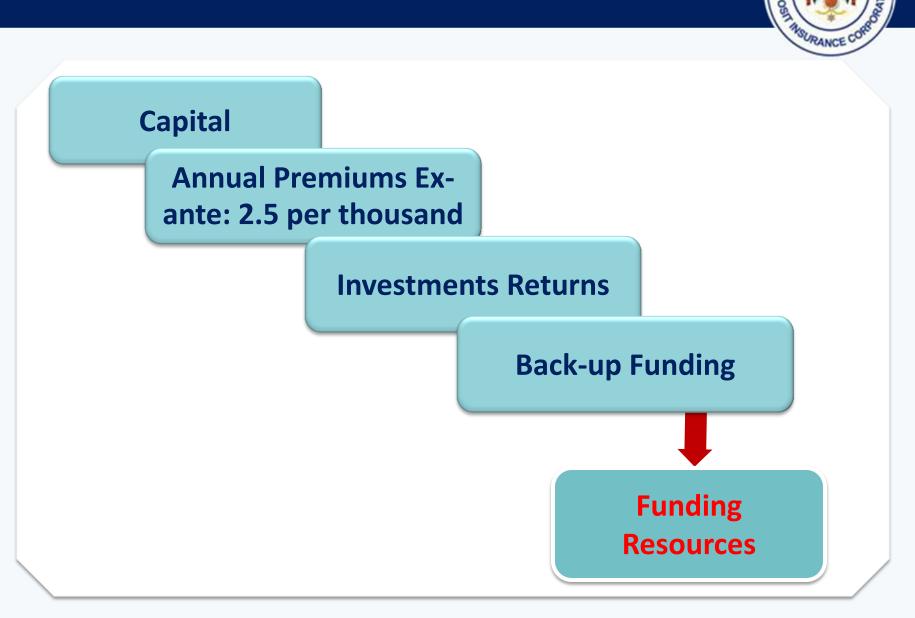
All types of deposits in local currency, excluding the following:

- **Government deposits.**
- Interbank deposits.
- Cash collaterals within the limits of the value of the extended facilities.

#### Level

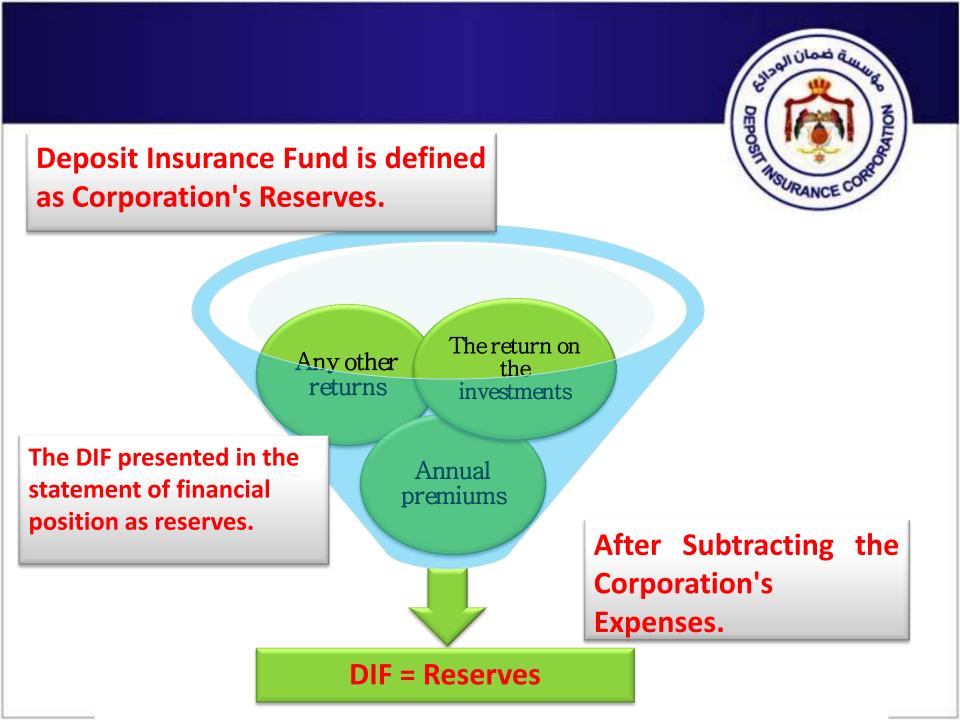
- Coverage limit is JD50,000 equivalent to \$70,500 effective January 1st 2011.
- Consistent with JODIC's public policy objectives.
- Limited but credible.
- Fully covers almost 97% of insured depositors.
- About 13 times the Per Capita GDP.

### **Funding Resources**





# **Deposit Insurance Fund (DIF)**

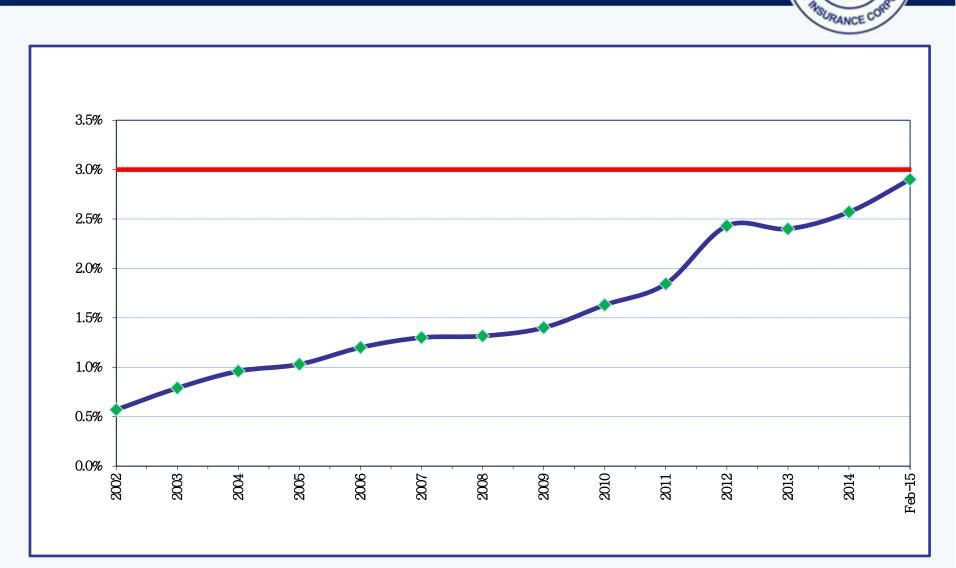


## **JODIC's DIF Target Ratio:**



- Statutory stipulated in the law.
- Three percent (3%) of eligible or insurable deposits.
- JODIC is obligated to boost its reserves to reach the defined TRR within a time frame of 10 years from its establishment.

## **Reserves / Eligible Deposits Ratio:**



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#### Estimation method used to set DIF Target Ratio



The model used for estimating TRR was straightforward, based on the average rate of growth of eligible deposits at the level of premiums specified to be accumulated over a period of 10 years.

Expert Opinion.

# Factors were considered in setting the DIF target ratio in Jordan



- Macroeconomic conditions.
- Number and size of insured banks.
- Size of insured deposits.
- Composition of the banking sector.
- Types of Currencies insured.
- Structure of the deposits.
- Deposit insurer's risk exposure.
- Probability of failure.
- Loss experience .
- Effective supervision and Resolution.
- Prudential regulation.

#### Assessing the adequacy of fund



- Periodic follow up for the current DIF ratio and compare it with the target DIF ratio stipulated in JODIC's law.
- Projection for the expected time at which the DIF will hit the target ratio.
- The target ratio (3%) is projected to be achieved at the end of the year 2017 based on JODIC's internal financial program.
- The projection process is periodically updated in terms of the growth rate of eligible deposits and return on investments.
- Calculating the coverage ratio of exposures of banks.

# **Striking Target Ratio**



- JODIC is obligated by law to boost its reserves to reach the defined TRR within a time frame of 10 years from its establishment.
- At the end of the year 2011, after 10 years from JODIC's establishment, the DIF ratio was only (1.8%) of the eligible deposits.
- Why DIF ratio did not achieve the target and what actions triggered?

#### **Reasons and Actions Triggered**



- Growth in eligible deposits is at a faster rate than reserves growth:
  - Exceptional hike in eligible deposits growth in the years 2005 (23%) and 2008 (28%).
  - Declining rates of return on invested portfolio in the years 2002-2005,2011 and 2014;
  - JODIC's reserves investments are restricted in Government Bonds only.

#### **Reasons and Actions Triggered**

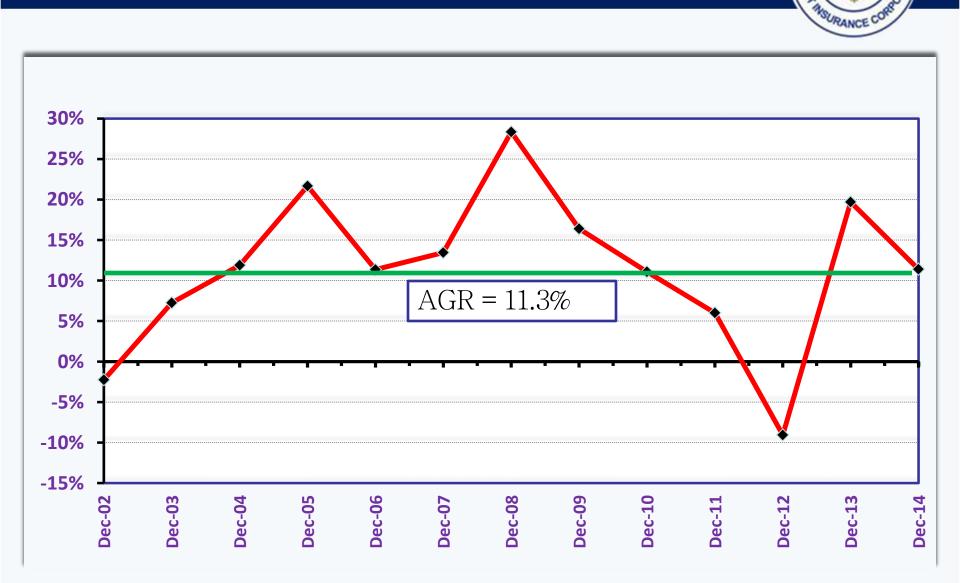


#### No incremental premiums were imposed on banks by Board due to:

- Global crisis and regional uncertainties.
- Sufficient level of reserves.
- Soundness of banking system.
- Prudential regulations and supervision.

#### **Annual Growth Rate of Eligible Deposits**

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# What policy responses to address shortfall or surplus in fund target ratio are in place?



The Corporation's board may increase the bank's annual membership fee to no more than double the annual membership fee for banks (Adjustment in premium rates). When?

#### Administration of the Fund Target Ratio



#### If the Corporation's fund:

- Doesn't reach the limit established under the law within (10) years of the law's effective date,
- Or Fall short of the said limit after having reached it,
- If a liquidation of a bank is decided before the Corporation's fund reaches the said limit.

#### Administration of the Fund Target Ratio



- If the Corporation's fund exceed the said limit (3%) then the Board may lower the annual membership fee,
- Or exempt banks from paying same for at least one year as the circumstances require.



# Challenges Ahead

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# Thank You